

# Sketchify Tutorial

## Scripting

`sketchify.sf.net`

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# Scripts

- In Sketchify scripting languages can be used to quickly outline the behavior of sketches
- Scripts are proven, highly productive and simple to learn and use end-user development paradigms
- With such tools designers, who are usually not experienced programmers, can quickly define more complex interaction scenarios, without requiring intensive programming



# Scripts

- We currently support several higher-level scripting languages including Javascript, Python and BeanShell  
(experimental support for Groovy, Ruby, TCL, Sleep, Haskell, and Prolog)



# Sketchify Extends Scripting Languages

- Sketchify Scripting Extensions
  - Working with Variables
  - Getting User Input
  - Pause and Wait
  - Graphics



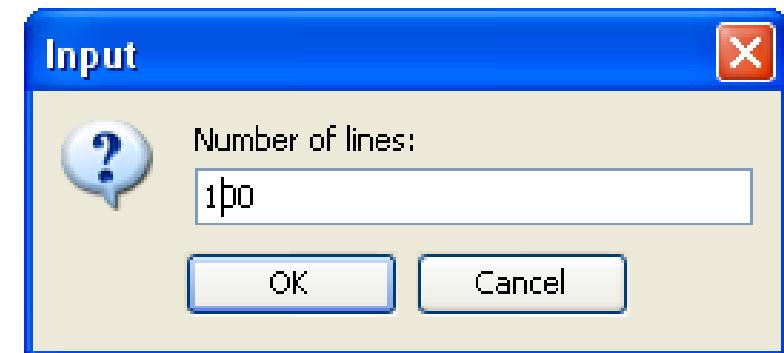
# Extensions – Working with Variables

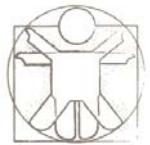
- **amico.update(String variable, String value)**
- **amico.update(String variable, int value)**
- **amico.update(String variable, double value)**
- **String amico.get(String variable)**
- **String amico.getString(String variable)**
- **int amico.getInteger(String variable)**
- **double amico.getDouble(String variable)**
- **int amico.getCount(String variable)**
- **int amico.getTimestamp(String variable)**



# Extensions – Getting User Input

- String **amico.ask(String question)**
- String **amico.askString(String question)**
- int **amico.askInteger(String question)**
- double **amico.askDouble(String question)**





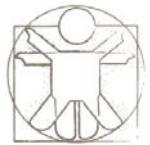
# Extensions – Pause and Wait

- **amico.pause(double seconds)**
- **amico.waitForUpdate(String variable)**
- **amico.waitUntil(String expression)**



# Extensions – Graphics

- **amico.clearCanvas()**
- **amico.repaint()**
- **amico.setColor(int r, int g, int b)**
- **amico.setColor(int r, int g, int b, int transparency)**
- **amico.setTransparency(float transparency)**
- **amico.setLineWidth(double width)**
- **amico.setFont(String name, String style, int size)**
- **amico.translate(int x, int y)**
- **amico.rotate(double angle, int x, int y)**
- **amico.scale(double x, double y)**
- **amico.shear(double x, double y);**



# Extensions – Graphics

- **amico.drawText(String text, int x, int y)**
- **amico.drawLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)**
- **amico.drawRect(int x, int y, int w, int h)**
- **amico.drawEllipse(int x, int y, int w, int h)**
- **amico.drawCircle(int center\_x, int center\_y, int r)**
- **amico.fillRect(int x, int y, int w, int h)**
- **amico.fillEllipse(int x, int y, int w, int h)**
- **amico.fillCircle(int center\_x, int center\_y, int r)**
- **amico.drawImage(String strPathOrURL, int x, int y)**
- **amico.drawImage(String strPathOrURL, int x, int y, int w, int h)**
- **amico.getTextWidth(String text)**
- **amico.getTextHeight(String text)**



# Variable Declarations Inside Scripts

- When a script is called, Sketchify variables will be redeclared within the script
  - Variables may be renamed to satisfy naming convention of scripting languages

Sketchify Variable Name	Declaration in scripts
position x	position_x
motion-intensity	motion_intensity
a	a

- Read-only, use *amico.update* to change the value of a Sketchify variable



# Script Editor

Sketch 4

Sketchlet Edit Variable I/O Service Script External Tools Settings View Blog

100%

Variables

Variable Name	Value	Description
time_hour	10	
time_minute	15	
time_second	34	
mobile-image-path	C:\DOCUMENTS\120...	
mobile-image-base64		
sms-send-number	number	
sms-send-message	message	
sms-received-from	number	
sms-received-message	message	
mobile-text-alert	message	
mobile-vibration	1000	
mobile-screen-width	240	
mobile-screen-height	235	
mobile-key-pressed	?	
mobile-key-code	50	

clear.js script.js

```
1 amico.clearCanvas();
2 n = amico.askInteger("Number of lines:");
3 for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
4     amico.drawLine(i * 10, 100, i* 20, 200);
5 }
6
```

Run Stop Declarations Extensions Reload

ices Timers Macros Screen Poking Scripts

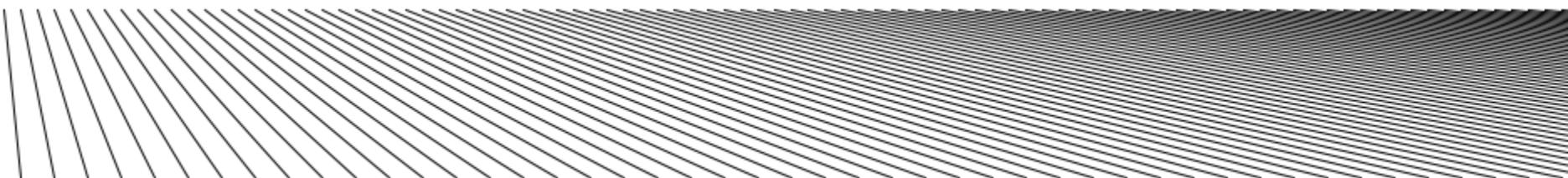
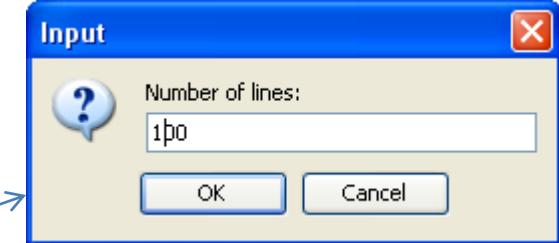
Script file	Status
clear.js	
script.js	done

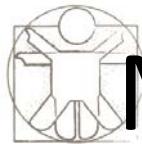
Sketching mode



# Example

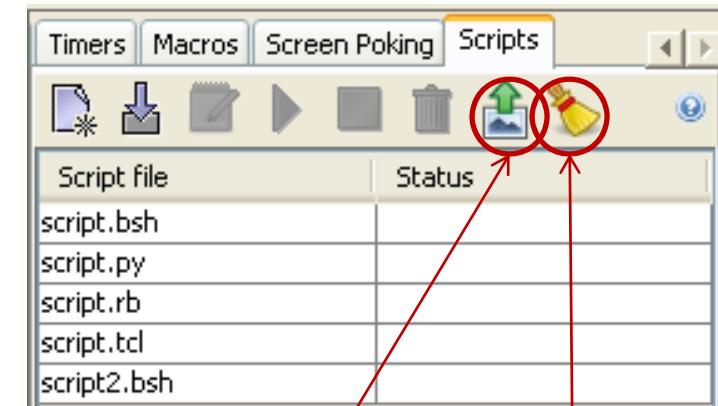
```
amico.clearCanvas();
n = amico.askInteger("Number of lines:");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    amico.drawLine(i * 10, 100, i* 20, 200);
}
```





# Merging Image Generated by Scripts and Background Sketch Image

- Scripts draw in a separate layer on top of the sketch
- The image from this layer can be merged with the background sketch image (i.e. it becomes a part of that image)



Merge the image generated by scripts  
with the background sketch image

Clear the image generated by scripts



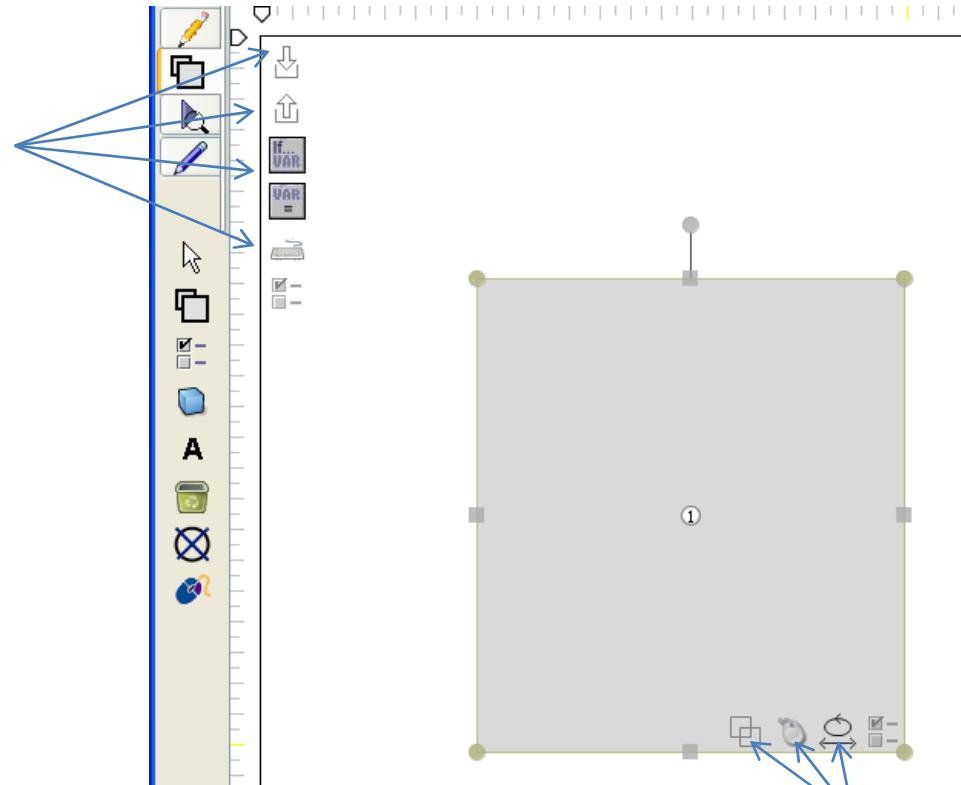
# Calling Scripts

- Scripts can be called from several places
  - On active region mouse events
  - On sketch events (entry or exit)
  - On variable updates ("On Variable Update" actions)
  - On keyboard events
  - From other macros, as one of the commands
- Drag-and-Drop on any sketch or region event
- Directly specify in settings

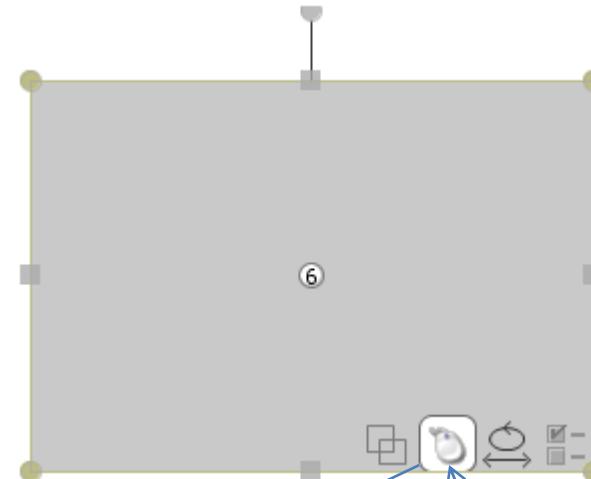


# Drop Event Anchors

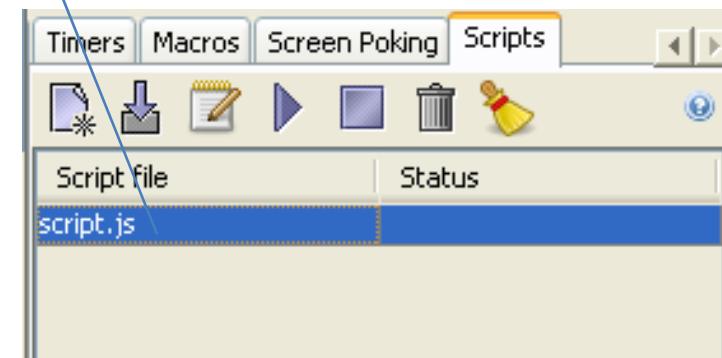
Anchors for connecting sketch events (on entry, on exit, on variable update, on keyboard event) by drag-and-drop of variables, timers and macros. You can also double-click on these icons to open current settings for these events and properties.



Anchors for connecting region events (region overlap, discrete mouse events, continues mouse events) by drag-and-drop of variables, timers and macros. You can also double-click on these icons to open current settings for these events and properties.



Drag-and-drop of the script  
on the mouse event icon of  
the active region.





# Directly Specify in Settings

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing macros. At the top, there are tabs: On Entry (highlighted in yellow), On Exit, On Variable Updates, and On Keyboard Events. Below the tabs is a list of macro definitions. The first definition, "Start macro", has its details expanded, showing a sub-menu with "Macro 1" selected. To the right of the list is a toolbar with various icons for managing blocks. At the bottom of the interface are buttons for "Repeat: 1", "Complete Blocks", "Reset", "Test", and a checkbox for "highlight execution".

The screenshot shows a software interface for defining events and actions. On the left, a sidebar lists event types: Image, Properties, Move & Rotate, Mouse Events (highlighted in orange), Overlap & Touch, and Embedded Sketch. The main area is a table with columns: Mouse Event, Action, Param1, and Param2. The table contains two rows:

Mouse Event	Action	Param1	Param2
Left Button Press	Start macro	Macro 1	
Left Button Press	Variable update		



# To Learn More About Scripting Languages

- JavaScript
  - <http://www.w3schools.com/js>
  - <https://developer.mozilla.org/en/JavaScript>
  - [https://developer.mozilla.org/en/A re-introduction to JavaScript](https://developer.mozilla.org/en/A_re-introduction_to_JavaScript)
- BeanShell
  - <http://www.beanshell.org/>
- Groovy
  - <http://groovy.codehaus.org/>
- Python
  - <http://www.python.org/>
- ...